

Italy Visa and Legalization Application Center Required documents for divorce certificate (checking purpose)

Certificate	Required documents
Divorce certificate	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Divorce registration form duly filled in by the applicant and signed by both spouses. 2. Court Order 3. Divorce Certificate 4. Marriage certificate 5. Nikahnama (English) 6. Balam nama (English) <p>Documents listed from 2 to 6 to be attested by the Notary and from Foreign Ministry and Law Ministry and need to translate in Italian by the authorized translation center.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Applicant's passport's copy (all pages which used during divorce period) attested by Notary and from Foreign Ministry and Law Ministry - Soggiorno and Carta D Identita copy to be attested by issuing authority - Spouse's passport/national ID card's copy attested by Notary and from Foreign Ministry and Law Ministry. - Marriage registration document from Italy. - Nikahnama and Balamnama (Bengali) attested from attested by Notary and from Foreign Ministry and Law Ministry. - NID copy of Kazi(with seal and sign) to match the signature of all certificates certified by him.

Guideline:

- Name: Name in divorce certificate should corresponds with the name in the passport and soggiorno copy.
- Attestation: All documents issued from Italy to be attested by concerned authority in Italy and documents issued from Bangladesh should be notarized and attested by Ministry of Foreign Affairs, Law Ministry Bangladesh and Notary.
- Information about date and place: The date of birth, wedding, divorce and document issuance and place of birth, marriage should be available in all certificates (marriage, nikahnama, divorce) and should corresponds with passport, soggiorno and ID card.
- Marriage Certificate & Nikahnama:
 1. All religion marriage certificate should be in preferred format by the Embassy of Italy (format available at the website)
 2. The date and place of birth appears in marriage certificate should corresponds with passport and soggiorno.
 3. Marriage certificate and Nikahnama should get attested by MOFA, Law ministry and then to notarize or both can be done on the same date.
 4. Marriage certificate and Nikahnama issuance date and signature of the Kazi/Priest should be on the same date.
 5. The seal stamp of the Kazi should contain the full name of the Kazi along with designation.
 6. Christian/Hindu/Buddhist marriage certificate has to be in the church/temple's letter head pad, signed by the father/priest.
 7. Identity card and certificate as authorized kazi/marriage register is preferred.
 8. Validity: 8 months.

Embassy of Italy reserves the rights to ask for additional documents/s.