

# <u>CHECKLIST FOR SCHENGEN VISA – RELATIVES OF THE EUROPEAN UNION</u> <u>/ EUROPEAN ECONOMIC AREA / SWITZERLAND CITIZENS OR UK</u> <u>NATIONALS (FAMILY MEMBERS WHO BENEFIT FROM THE WITHDRAWAL</u> <u>AGREEMENT)</u>

Personal details of the applicant (as per the passport)			
Name:			
Surname:			
Passport number:			
Date of birth:			
Contact details of the applicant			
E-mail address:			
Telephone no.:			
Visa applications should be submitted in advance to ensure time for the competent authorities to deliver a decision. A booked flight ticket does not result in preferred processing of the application. It is highly advised that Schengen visa applications are submitted at least one month before the estimated date of travel to Portugal/Schengen Zone.			
<ul> <li>Please carefully read the following information: <ul> <li>Submit the documents in the exact order given below.</li> <li>Do not staple any document.</li> </ul> </li> <li>EU Free Movement Directive 2004/38/EC <ul> <li>European Union (EU) Member States (MS) shall grant third-country nationals who are family members of citizens of the EU, the European Economic Area (EEA) – Liechtenstein, Norway, Switzerland – and the United Kingdom (under the Withdrawal Agreement), who are covered by Directive 2004/38/ CE, all facilities for obtaining their visas. Nationals of third countries who are family members of EU citizens are only required to hold an entry visa, in compliance with Regulation (CE) n.º 539/2001.</li> <li>This checklist describes the documents that are required, alongside a Schengen visa application, to core family members of a citizen of the EU, the EEA – Norway, Iceland and Liechtenstein – and Switzerland, or UK nationals whose family members benefit from the Withdrawal Agreement (WA) and who envisage a trip to Portugal with them or to join them in Portugal. According to the Article 2(2) of the EU Free Movement Directive (EC) 2004/38, core family members are:</li> </ul></li></ul>			
<ul> <li>a. the spouse;</li> <li>b. the partner with whom the EU citizen has contracted a registered partnership, <u>on the basis</u> <u>of the legislation of any Member State</u>, if the legislation of the host EU Member State treats the registered partnership as equivalent to marriage;</li> <li>c. descendants who are under the age of 21 or are dependent, as well as those of the spouse or partner as defined above; or</li> <li>d. the dependent ascendants and those of the spouse or partner as defined above.</li> </ul>			
Visa applications for relatives of citizens of the EU, States that are part of the EEA (Norway, Iceland and Liechtenstein), of Switzerland and of UK nationals whose family members benefit from the			



Withdrawal Agreement are free of charge.

# Joining family members of beneficiaries of the UK Withdrawal Agreement (WA) in Portugal

#### **<u>1. Family members who are eligible to join after the end of the transition period - Article</u> <b><u>10 WA</u>**

Article 10(1)(e)(ii) and (iii) and Article 10(4) of the Withdrawal Agreement define which family members have the right to join the Withdrawal Agreement beneficiary in the host State after the end of the transition period, that is, after 31 December 2020.

Essentially, those are:

- Family members who were directly related to the Withdrawal Agreement beneficiary and resided outside the host State at the end of the transition period and who fulfil the relevant conditions of Article 2(2) of the EU Free Movement Directive 2004/38/EC <u>at the moment</u> <u>they seek residence</u> under the Withdrawal Agreement in order to join the beneficiary in the host State;
- Children born to, or adopted by, a Withdrawal Agreement beneficiary after the end of the transition period; and
- those who were durable partners and resided outside the host State before the end of the transition period and whose relationship continues at the time they seek residence in the host State.

Those family members have the right to themselves become Withdrawal Agreement beneficiaries in the host State (or, in the case of durable partners, the right to have their residence as Withdrawal Agreement beneficiary facilitated in accordance with national law) **at any point in time** after the end of the transition period. Member States' Withdrawal Agreement residence schemes must thus be open for applications of such family members.

#### 2. <u>Visits of family members in the form of short stays are not covered by the Withdrawal</u> <u>Agreement</u>

Importantly, the concept of family members joining the Withdrawal Agreement beneficiary means that they want to become Withdrawal Agreement beneficiaries themselves. This results from the wording of Article 10(1)(e)(i) and (iii) and Article 10(4) WA. All three provisions have terminology making clear that what is at issue is those family members seeking residence in the host State under the provisions of the Withdrawal Agreement in order to join the Withdrawal Agreement beneficiary there.

As a corollary, the <u>Withdrawal Agreement does not govern short stays of family members</u> of Withdrawal Agreement beneficiaries in the host State for the purposes of visiting the <u>beneficiaries</u>. This is consistent with the purpose of the Withdrawal Agreement, which was not intended to regulate future movement of persons between the UK and the EU. Family members of Withdrawal Agreement beneficiaries who want to enter the EU for a short stay therefore have to comply with the regular entry conditions for non-EU nationals, which are set out in the <u>Schengen</u> Borders Code (see in particular its Article 6(1)).

#### 3. Visa facilitations for joining family members – Article 14(3) WA

Article 14(3) of the Withdrawal Agreement provides for visa facilitations for third-country national family members who join the UK national Withdrawal Agreement beneficiary after the end of the transition period and who are, based on their nationality, submitted to a visa obligation.

Visa facilitations for family members of Withdrawal Agreement beneficiaries are essentially the same as those under Directive 2004/38/EC. Therefore, family members of Withdrawal Agreement beneficiaries must be put on an equal footing with family members of EU citizens, provided the following cumulative conditions are met:



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## CONSULATE-GENERALOF PORTUGAL-GOA

- > the sponsoring UK nationals is actually a Withdrawal Agreement beneficiary;
- the family members requesting a visa are themselves covered by Article 10 of the Withdrawal Agreement; and
- > the visa application falls under Article 14(3) of the Withdrawal Agreement.

Regarding the last condition, the first visa application of an eligible family member will generally fall under Article 14(3) of the Withdrawal Agreement. For multiple visa applications (second or more), the following applies:

If the host EU MS of the UK national (and of the family member) has a **declaratory** scheme (as in Portugal), multiple short stay visas can be issued as long as the family member continues to have Withdrawal Agreement beneficiary status. In practice, it will be about whether the family member respects the absence rules (for non-permanent residence not more than a total of 6 months of absence in a year or exceptionally one single absence of not more than 12 months; in case of permanent residence, the family member can be absent for up to 5 years).

#### **REQUIRED DOCUMENTS**

**If not otherwise noted**, submittal of the original documents is sufficient. Please note that the Consulate-General of Portugal in Goa does not return original documents if you do not provide a copy.

#### Please mark on the right column if you submitted the document / form or not!

<ul><li>Please carefully read the following information:</li><li>Please submit the documents in the exact order given below.</li></ul>	YES	NO
Please do not staple any document.		
Schengen Visa application form, duly filled in and signed by the applicant.		
The Schengen visa application form is free of charge and can be downloaded from the website: https://vistos.mne.gov.pt/images/schengen_form_en.pdf		
Each applicant shall submit a complete and signed application form individually.		
Minors shall submit an application form signed by the person exercising permanent or temporary parental authority or legal guardianship.		
Relatives or family members (spouse, dependent descendant or ascendant) of EU, EEA (EEA) - Norway, Iceland and Liechtenstein- and Switzerland or UK nationals (family members who benefit from the Withdrawal Agreement) should not fill in the fields with an asterisk (*) when exercising their right to freedom of movement.		
Please submit all pages of the application form.		



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<u>Valid ı</u> ≻	national passport: Issued within the last 10 years and with at least 3 months validity		
	after the scheduled return.		
$\triangleright$	Passports with observations regarding the front data page		
~	(biographical data) will not be accepted.		
	Passports must have at least two empty pages to affix the visa.		
	The Schengen states do not accept Indian handwritten passports or passports that contains a manual entry made after		
	01/04/2010 where the biographical data (name, place, date of		
	birth and sex) were changed.		
	bus passport/s:		
	If any, irrespective of its condition, bound together with rubber band, not stapled (in case lost a note is required).		
	band, not stapled (in case lost a note is required).		
	bus Schengen visas, if any:		
	Clear photocopies of all previous Schengen Visas; if stamped on		
	another passport, together with photocopies of the first page (bio-data) and last page of the passport.		
	(bio-data) and last page of the passport.		
	JK, USA or Canada visas, if any:		
	Clear photocopies of these visas.	_	
	If the applicant continues to travel to a third country (i.e. UK,		
	USA, Canada, or others) after leaving the Schengen area, the		
	visa of the next country has to be obtained first.		
Previo	ous refused visas, if any:		
	If you have been refused a visa by an Embassy or High		
	Commission, a refusal notice or a written explanation		
	about the reasons of refusal is needed.		
Proof	of legal residence:		
$\triangleright$	If the applicant is not a national of India, evidence of his/her legal		
	residence in this country (residence permit).		
2 pass	port size pictures:		
$\triangleright$	White background, not older than 6 months (size 35-40 mm in		
~	width, not copied or scanned picture).		
	One picture must be pasted on the application.		
	One picture has to be clipped on the last page of the passport. Stapled of pinned pictures cannot be accepted.		
$\triangleright$	For more details refer to:		
-	https://www.icao.int/Security/mrtd/Downloads/Technical%20Re		
	ports/Annex A-Photograph Guidelines.pdf		
Perso	nal covering letter:		
$\triangleright$	Original letter in which the applicant introduces themselves,		
	explains the purpose and complete plan of his/her visit and with		
	reference intended means of transport and itinerary. The cover		
	letter should also mention the names and passport numbers,		
	and relation of accompanying travelers and attach their passport		



and ticket copies. If the accompanying travellers already possess a valid Schengen visa, a copy of the same has to be enclosed. If applying through another Mission, details have to be provided.	
Personal declaration letter by the EU/EEA/Swiss citizens or UK nationals (family members benefiting from the Withdrawal Agreement) attesting that they are travelling together or that the family member is going to meet them. If they are travelling together, the travel reservations of all must be added.	
Copy of the passport of the European Union/EEA/Swiss or UK national (family members benefiting from the Withdrawal Agreement). If the family member is Portuguese, a copy of the Portuguese ID ( <i>Cartão de Cidadão</i> ) must be submitted.	
<b>Proof of financial resources</b> for the period of at least three months. For such purpose, applicants must submit the original bank statements (stamped and signed by the bank) of the previous three months as well as the ITRs of the previous two assessment years (only ITR-V, Indian Income Tax Return Verification Form or Acknowledgement is accepted).	
Proof of the financial resources may be also waived off upon the presentation of a term of responsibility, in original, signed by either the Portuguese citizen or a foreign citizen legally living in Portugal, through which he/she declares to be able to support the visa applicant by providing food and accommodation in Portugal, as well as to pay any repatriation costs in case of irregular stay. The document can be downloaded here: https://vistos.mne.gov.pt/images/termoderesponsabilidade.pdf	
To be considered valid, the document and the signature of the citizen who signs it must be duly recognised by a lawyer or notary or registry office 5 uthorized to carry on activities in Portugal. A copy of the Portuguese citizen's ID, who signs the document, must also be submitted, or, should the document be signed by a foreign citizen legally living in Portugal, a copy of his/her residence card is mandatory.	
Proof of family ties with the citizen of the European Union/EEA/Switzerland of United Kingdom nationals (family members benefiting from the Withdrawal Agreement):	
Spouses or partners: Marriage certificate or registered partnership. Only marriage certificates (Assento de casamento) issued by the Portuguese Central Registry Office (CRC – Conservatória dos Registos Centrais) are accepted as evidence of a marriage with a Portuguese national. Please note that affidavits are not considered as official documents in this regard. The exact same spelling of names in all the documents is required.	
Descendants under the age of 21, document proving	



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filiation: original birth certificate issued by the compe	otont	
authority in India (in the same state where the descendant born) and duly legalised with the Hague Apostille.		
<ul> <li>Dependant descendants over 21 years of age:         <ul> <li>a. Original birth certificate issued by the competent author in India (in the same state where the descendent was be and duly legalised with the Hague Apostille.</li> <li>b. Evidence of economic dependence (receipts of sending transferred money, tuition fees, bank transfers).</li> <li>c. Any other kind of dependence if applicable, i.e., disabilit health issues (duly proved by an original medical certificate)</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	orn) I or ies,	
Dependent ascendants: original document proving the far ties, issued by the competent authority in India and or legalised with Hague Apostille, as well as evidence of econo dependence, such as receipts of sending or transferring mor payment for studies, bank transfers, etc.	duly mic	
<b>Proof of dependence:</b> Dependent family members are required present documentary evidence that over the last 12 months Portuguese citizen has transferred money or borne expenses in quantity that the effective financial dependence can be assess Evidence may be adduced by any appropriate means, provided dependency is genuine and structuralin character.	the in a □ ised.	
Birth certificate		
MINORS		
Original birth certificate issued by the compete authority of the State in India where the minor was be duly legalised with the Hague Apostille.		
<ul> <li>Colour copies of the parents' identification docume (Identification Document (ID) or passport (biographi data page):</li> </ul>		
a. Identification Document (ID) or passport of the paren who is/are citizen(s) of the Europ Union/EEA/Switzerland or of UK nationals (family memb	ean 🗆	
benefiting from the Withdrawal Agreement). b. Identification Document (ID) or passport of the c parent.	other 🗆	
In case of deceased parent(s), it is necessary to attach a decentificate, duly legalised with the Hague Apostille.	eath 🗌	
$\succ$ Travel authorisation from the parent who is	not	



	ticket) duly legalised by a public notary, except in cases of a parent having sole custody or guardianship of the minor, in which case a court order or other proof of sole custody or guardianship must be provided – duly legalised by a public notary.		
À	In case of deceased parent(s), it is necessary to attach a death certificate, duly legalised with the Hague Apostille.		
$\triangleright$	If the minor is travelling alone (without parents), or with		
	<b>a third party:</b> Travel authorisation signed by both parents and duly legalised by a public notary, or by the parent having sole custody or guardianship of the minor, in which case a court order or other proof of sole custody or guardianship must be provided – duly legalised by a public notary, and:		
<b>A</b>	Identification of the person (of legal age) travelling with the minor, as well as a copy of the valid visa or other document authorising that person to travel (without a visa).		
Addit	ional documents the applicant wants to submit (please	note that '	VFS is not
autho	prized to refuse acceptance of documents the applicant		
are no	ot mentioned on the checklist):		
Gene	ral remarks of the Consulate-General of Portugal in Go		
A	Submission of the above-mentioned mandatory documents does is granted. The required documents have to be submitted (documents sent through e-mail or post to the Consulate-General accepted, unless if required).	with the vis	a application
≻	The Consulate-General of Portugal in Goa reserves the right to as	k for addition	al documents
	and/or for a personal interview. The Consulate-General of Portu obliged to ask for submittal of documents already mentioned on application.	-	
$\triangleright$		on of an appli	cation.
A	Please note that the standard processing time of a Schengen calendar days. This period starts counting <b>only</b> when the applicat -General of Portugal in Goa (the visa application will need up to the Consulate-General of Portugal in Goa) and that public holiday	visa applica ion reaches t two working	tion is of 15 he Consulate- days to reach



of Portugal in Goa as announced on its website will not count as working days.

- > This period can be prolonged by the Consulate-General of Portugal in Goa if deemed necessary for a personal interview, scrutiny/verification documents, among other reasons.
- Visa applications should be submitted in advance to ensure time for competent authorities to deliver a decision.
- > A booked flight ticket does not result in a preferred processing of the application.
- All documents, forms and declarations must be submitted either in Portuguese or English. All documents, forms and declarations not in Portuguese or English have to be submitted with proper Portuguese or English translation. Failing to provide proper translation will result in the document, form or declaration considered "missing".
- > The refusal of the visa application does not entail the reimbursement of the visa fees.
- Consult the legislation in force at the following hyperlink: <u>https://vistos.mne.gov.pt/en/short-stay-visas-schengen/eu-legislation</u>

Declaration of the visa applicant (to be signed by the parent(s) submitting the application if applicant is a minor)

I have taken note of the general and special remarks as mentioned on checklist.

I have been informed that VFS Global does not have any influence on the decision about a visa application and only the information provided by the Consulate-General of Portugal in Goa must be taken as official.

I confirm that the VFS officer has noted all documents submitted by me and that I want the application in its present form to be forwarded to the Consulate-General of Portugal in Goa. I am aware that original documents not submitted with a copy will be kept by the Consulate-General of Portugal in Goa.

<u>Date:</u> Name, Surname of the applicant:

Signature of the applicant:

#### **Confirmation of VFS on the day of submittal**

Date of submittal: \_\_\_\_\_\_ VFS VAC in

Application submitted:

I confirm that above this checklist has been filled out together with and signed in front of me by the applicant at today's appointment at the above VAC.

VFS Officer Full Name: .....

Signature: .....