

RESIDENCE VISA FOR RETIREMENT PURPOSES, RELIGIOUS PURPOSES OR FOR LIVING FROM INDIVIDUAL REVENUES (D7)

 $\frac{https://vistos.mne.gov.pt/pt/vistos-nacionais/documentacao-instrutoria/residencia\#fixa\%C3\%A7\%C3\%A3o-de-resid\%C3\%AAncia-de-reformados-religiosos-e-pessoas-que-vivam-de-rendimentos$

Applicant's name and surname:		
Email address: Direct phone contact:		
Reason for traveling to Portugal:		
GENERAL REQUIREMENTS		
	YES	NO
National Visa application form , filled and duly signed by applicant (for minors and incapacitated, forms should be signed by the legal guardian) - see here		
2 Photos, even, passport type, recent and in good condition to identify the applicant.		
Personal statement explaining the reason(s) for applying for a National Visa to Portugal, which should reference address of stay and sources of income, if applicable.		
Passport valid for 3 months after the end of the requested visa (120 days). Photocopy of passport (biographic page)		
Proof of regular situation in case of residence in a country other than the country of current nationality - UK Residence permit (if applicable), endorsed in the passport, issued as a biometrics card, or digital share code, valid beyond the date of expiry of the visa (120 days).		
Travel insurance valid for the duration of the visa (120 days), starting from the date the applicant intends to arrive in Portugal, and covering necessary medical expenses, including urgent medical assistance and possible <u>repatriation</u> . British nationals may present the S1 Form (stamped at the bottom by the relevant authority) as proof of valid travel insurance.		
Criminal record certificate, issued within the past 3 months by the competent authority of the country of the applicant's nationality or of the country where the applicant has resided for over a year, with the Hague Apostille or legalised. Only the <u>ACRO</u> certificate, with the Hague Apostille, can be accepted as a UK Criminal Record Certificate. The Hague Apostille for UK public documents can be obtained through the Legalization Office: https://www.gov.uk/get-document-legalised		
 Proof of accommodation in Portugal for a minimum of 1 year, from intended date of arrival in Portugal: Deeds of property in Portugal in the name of the applicant; or Rental agreement of property in Portugal and proof of registration of rental agreement with the relevant tax authorities (AT); or 		

Term of responsibility filled and signed by host/institution. When sponsored by a private citizen, the term of responsibility must also be accompanied with a copy of the host's passport/lo, Portuguese residence permit (if applicable), property deeds/rental agreement with the host's name, notarised authorization from the landlord and identification document of the landlord (if authorization is required for guests). The Term of Responsibility concerning the conditions of stay within Portuguese territory will only be accepted if the subscriber's signature is duly recognized by a Notary that serves the sponsor's legal area of residence. Proof of financial resources/means of subsistence (https://vistos.mne.gov.pt/en/national-visas/necessary-documentation/means-of-subsistence) **Last 3 months of bank statements, showing an available bank balance equal or superior to the Portuguese minimum monthly salary, multiplied by the number of months the applicant intends to stay in Portugal (up to 12 months) ** **Last 3 months of bank statements, showing an available bank balance equal or superior to the Portuguese minimum monthly salary, multiplied by the number of months the applicant intends to stay in Portugal (up to 12 months) ** **If applying with further family members (Accompanying Family Member visa) please bear in mind that the criteria to determine means of subsistence is based on the minimum monthly salary, net of any tax and social security deductions, with a per capital increase for each family unit as follows: **First adult: 100%* **SPECIFIC DOCUMENTS** For retirement purposes: **Document certifying pension amount above the <u>Portuguese minimum wage</u> , made available weekly, monthly or yearly (pension letter, pension statements, tax return with pension information, etc.). All income should be readily available and verifiable through tax returns and/or account and verifiable through tax returns and/or account and verifiable through tax returns and/or accountant/fiscal entity statements. **Document certifyi		
tos mne gov.pt/en/national-visas/necessary-documentation/means-of-subsist-ence): • Last 3 months of bank statements, showing an available bank balance equal or superior to the Portuguese minimum monthly salary, multiplied by the number of months the applicant intends to stay in Portugal (up to 12 months) * *If applying with further family members (Accompanying Family Member visa) please bear in mind that the criteria to determine means of subsistence is based on the minimum monthly salary, net of any tax and social security deductions, with a per capita increase for each family unit as follows: • First adult: 100%. • Second adult and additional adults: 50%. • Children and young people under 18 years of age and non-minor dependent children: 30% SPECIFIC DOCUMENTS For retirement purposes: • Document certifying pension amount above the Portuguese minimum wage, made available weekly, monthly or yearly (pension letter, pension statements, tax return with pension information, etc.). All income should be readily available and verifiable through tax returns and/or account-ant/fiscal entity statement, and/or bank transactions. • Portuguese bank account Applicants must provide clear evidence regarding the stability, regularity and origins of the passive income (active income cannot be considered) and evidence the income (pension) will be available as soon as they arrive in Portuguese minimum wage, made available weekly, monthly or yearly, from movable and immovable property, intellectual or financial assets (dividends (payment receipts), rents (property deeds and rental contracts), investment portfolio, etc.). All income must be readily available and verifiable through tax returns and/or accountant/fiscal entity statement, and/or bank transactions present in the bank statements. • Portuguese bank account Applicants must provide clear evidence regarding the stability, regularity and origins of the passive income (active income cannot be considered) and evidence that they already have access to said income, for	sored by a private citizen, the term of responsibility must also be accompanied with a copy of the host's passport/ID, Portuguese residence permit (if applicable), property deeds/rental agreement with the host's name, notarised authorization from the landlord and identification document of the landlord (if authorization is required for guests). The Term of Responsibility concerning the conditions of stay within Portuguese territory will only be accepted if the subscriber's signature is duly recognized	
For retirement purposes: Document certifying pension amount above the Portuguese minimum wage, made available weekly, monthly or yearly (pension letter, pension statements, tax return with pension information, etc.). All income should be readily available and verifiable through tax returns and/or accountant/fiscal entity statement, and/or bank transactions. Portuguese bank account Applicants must provide clear evidence regarding the stability, regularity and origins of the passive income (active income cannot be considered) and evidence the income (pension) will be available as soon as they arrive in Portugal. For people living out from personal revenue: Document certifying passive revenue above the Portuguese minimum wage, made available weekly, monthly or yearly, from movable and immovable property, intellectual or financial assets (dividends (payment receipts), rents (property deeds and rental contracts), investment portfolio, etc.). All income must be readily available and verifiable through tax returns and/or accountant/fiscal entity statement, and/or bank transactions present in the bank statements. Portuguese bank account Applicants must provide clear evidence regarding the stability, regularity and origins of the passive income (active income cannot be considered) and evidence that they already have access to said income, for a minimum of 3 months before submitting the visa request. For religious purposes:	tos.mne.gov.pt/en/national-visas/necessary-documentation/means-of-subsist-ence): • Last 3 months of bank statements, showing an available bank balance equal or superior to the Portuguese minimum monthly salary, multiplied by the number of months the applicant intends to stay in Portugal (up to 12 months) * *If applying with further family members (Accompanying Family Member visa) please bear in mind that the criteria to determine means of subsistence is based on the minimum monthly salary, net of any tax and social security deductions, with a per capita increase for each family unit as follows: • First adult: 100%. • Second adult and additional adults: 50%. • Children and young people under 18 years of age and non-minor de-	
Document certifying pension amount above the Portuguese minimum wage, made available weekly, monthly or yearly (pension letter, pension statements, tax return with pension information, etc.). All income should be readily available and verifiable through tax returns and/or accountant/fiscal entity statement, and/or bank transactions. Portuguese bank account Applicants must provide clear evidence regarding the stability, regularity and origins of the passive income (active income cannot be considered) and evidence the income (pension) will be available as soon as they arrive in Portugal. For people living out from personal revenue: Document certifying passive revenue above the Portuguese minimum wage, made available weekly, monthly or yearly, from movable and immovable property, intellectual or financial assets (dividends (payment receipts), rents (property deeds and rental contracts), investment portfolio, etc.). All income must be readily available and verifiable through tax returns and/or accountant/fiscal entity statement, and/or bank transactions present in the bank statements. Portuguese bank account Applicants must provide clear evidence regarding the stability, regularity and origins of the passive income (active income cannot be considered) and evidence that they already have access to said income, for a minimum of 3 months before submitting the visa request. For religious purposes:	SPECIFIC DOCUMENTS	
Document certifying passive revenue above the Portuguese minimum wage, made available weekly, monthly or yearly, from movable and immovable property, intellectual or financial assets (dividends (payment receipts), rents (property deeds and rental contracts), investment portfolio, etc.). All income must be readily available and verifiable through tax returns and/or accountant/fiscal entity statement, and/or bank transactions present in the bank statements. Portuguese bank account Applicants must provide clear evidence regarding the stability, regularity and origins of the passive income (active income cannot be considered) and evidence that they already have access to said income, for a minimum of 3 months before submitting the visa request. For religious purposes:	 Document certifying pension amount above the <u>Portuguese minimum wage</u>, made available weekly, monthly or yearly (pension letter, pension statements, tax return with pension information, etc.). All income should be readily available and verifiable through tax returns and/or accountant/fiscal entity statement, and/or bank transactions. Portuguese bank account Applicants must provide clear evidence regarding the stability, regularity and origins of the passive income (active income cannot be considered) and evidence the	
	 Document certifying passive revenue above the Portuguese minimum wage, made available weekly, monthly or yearly, from movable and immovable property, intellectual or financial assets (dividends (payment receipts), rents (property deeds and rental contracts), investment portfolio, etc.). All income must be readily available and verifiable through tax returns and/or accountant/fiscal entity statement, and/or bank transactions present in the bank statements. Portuguese bank account Applicants must provide clear evidence regarding the stability, regularity and origins of the passive income (active income cannot be considered) and evidence that they already have access to said income, for a minimum of 3 months before sub- 	
	For religious purposes:	

Document certifying the applicant's status as minister of worship or as a member of an institute of consecrated life, issued by the church or religious community to which he belongs, duly recognized under the Portuguese legal system Portuguese bank account (from the applicant or the religious institution) **CPLP MOBILITY AGREEMENT** CPLP citizens (from Brazil, Angola, Mozambique, Cape Verde, Guinea-Bissau, São Tomé and Príncipe, East Timor and Equatorial Guinea), are exempted from presenting: travel insurance, return transport ticket, specific documents CPLP citizens are also exempt from presenting evidence of means of subsistence upon presentation of a term of responsibility recognised by a notary, in the following terms: a) Presentation of a term signed by the host entity for interns or workers, or by the organization responsible for student exchange or volunteer programs, or b) Presentation of a term of responsibility, signed by a Portuguese citizen or a foreign citizen, with a residence permit in Portugal, which guarantees food and accommodation for the visa applicant, as well as the replacement of removal costs, in case of irregular stay, accompanied by a copy of the sponsor's passport/ID., residence permit (if applicable), last 3 months of bank statements and most recent IRS declara-

Notes:

tion (if applicable).

- A Residence Visa is for applicants that wish to stay in Portugal for more than 1 year. The applicant will initially be granted a visa valid for 120 days with up to two entrances into Portugal, followed by an appointment with AIMA in Portugal, to acquire a Residence Permit. More information regarding Residence Permits can be found in the following link: https://aima.gov.pt/pt/viver/autorizacao-de-residencia-regime-e-requisitos-gerais-art-o-77-o-n-o-1 (The Consulate has no say or control over AIMA appointments for Residence Permit, and for more information regarding the required documents or rescheduling, applicants should reach out to AIMA directly.)
- A Residence visa application can take 60 days for a decision, but an extended period of analysis may be requested in justified circumstances: https://vistos.mne.gov.pt/en/national-visas/general-infor-mation/deadlines
- All public documents must be legalized per conventions in place, including, but not limited to, Civil Registry documentation, such as marriage and birth certificates, Criminal Record Certificates, professional certificates and diplomas. This legalization can be made through the Apostille (if applicable) or by utilizing the relevant Portuguese Consulate/service that serves the place of origin of the document in question: https://portaldascomunidades.mne.gov.pt/pt/rede-consular. Public documents from the United Kingdom, including the Criminal Record Certificate (ACRO) and Civil Registry documentation, must be legalized through the Apostille, which can be obtained from the Legalization Office: https://www.gov.uk/get-document-legalised. Certified translations are also required for documents not written in English or Portuguese.
- The Term of Responsibility concerning the conditions of stay within Portuguese territory will only be accepted if the subscriber's signature is duly recognized by a Notary that serves the sponsor's legal area of residence.
- Failure to submit all the necessary documents may lead to the rejection of the visa application.
- The Consular Post reserves the right to request documents other than those mentioned above whenever deemed convenient.
- Even if all the requested documents are presented, it doesn't imply the automatic granting of the visa.
- Refusal of the visa application shall not entitle to a reimbursement of the visa fee.

 Consult the legislation in force in https://vistos.mne.gov.pt/en/national-visas/national-legislation Financial resources: Ordinance nº 1563 /2007, of the 6th of December
Remarks (to be filled by the relevant officer responsible for receiving the application):

 \neg