

RESIDENCE VISA FOR ACCOMPANYING FAMILY MEMBER APPLYING FOR A RESIDENCE VISA (D8)

<https://vistos.mne.gov.pt/pt/vistos-nacionais/documentacao-instrutoria/residencia#visto-de-resid%C3%Aancia-para-acompanhamento-de-requerente-de-visto-de-resid%C3%Aancia>

Applicant's name and surname:		
Reason for traveling to Portugal:		
Email address:	Mobile:	
GENERAL REQUIREMENTS		
	YES	NO
National Visa application form fully completed and duly signed by the applicant. For minors or legally incapacitated applicants, the form must be signed by both parents or by the legal guardian. 2 Photos , passport type, recent, and in good condition, to identify the applicant.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Passport must be valid for at least 90 days beyond the 120-day residence visa period, counted from the applicant's intended date of entry into Portugal. A photocopy of the biographical data page must also be included.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Proof of regular status (if applicable) residence permit for the United Kingdom endorsed in the passport, issued as a biometric card (BRP) or as a digital share-code. The document must be valid for at least 120 days beyond the applicant's intended date of entry into Portugal.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Valid travel insurance must cover necessary medical expenses, including urgent medical assistance and potential repatriation, for the full duration of the residence visa (120 days), counted from the applicant's intended date of entry into Portugal. British nationals who meet the criteria may apply for an S1 form which must be duly certified by the relevant authorities.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Criminal record certificate (for applicants aged 16 and over) issued within the last 90 days by the competent authority of the applicant's country of residence in the past year, duly legalised by Hague Apostille or, where applicable, by the competent Portuguese diplomatic authority. Applicants who have resided in the U.K. during the past year must provide a police certificate issued by the ACRO Criminal Records Office . This document must be legalised with the Hague Apostille, obtained through the UK Legalisation Office .	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Personal statement must be signed by the applicant and include: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • A clear explanation of the reason(s) for the application. • The full address of the applicant's accommodation in Portugal, including the postcode. • Details of the conditions for the intended stay. 	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Proof of financial resources may be demonstrated through one of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Bank statements for the last three months of the main applicant, clearly evidencing the receipt of the declared income. Family members: When applying together with additional family members, the required level of financial resources is calculated based on the Portuguese minimum monthly salary in force for 2026 (€920), net of tax and social security contributions, in accordance with PCM Regulatory Decree No. 85-A/2022 of 22 December. The financial requirement is increased per household member as follows: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • First adult: 100% of the minimum monthly salary. • Second adult and each additional adult: an additional 50%. • Children and young people under 18 years of age, as well as dependent adult children: an additional 30%. 	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

<p>Proof of accommodation in Portugal may be demonstrated through one of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Deeds of property in Portugal in the applicant’s name; or • A rental agreement for a property in Portugal, with a minimum duration of 12 months from the intended date of arrival in Portugal, along with proof of its registration with the relevant Portuguese tax authorities; or • A term of responsibility, completed and signed by the host in Portugal. The host’s signature must be duly certified by a Notary, Lawyer or Solicitor accompanied by: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ A copy of the host’s passport or ID, and Portuguese residence permit (if applicable). ○ The host’s property deeds or rental agreement in their name, confirming ownership or lawful use of the property. ○ Notarised authorisation issued by the landlord, together with a copy of the landlord’s identification document (where authorisation for accommodation of third parties is required). 	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
SPECIFIC DOCUMENTS		
<p>Proof of family relationships justifying accompaniment must be provided. All relevant certificates must be legalised with the Hague Apostille, or, if issued by a country not party to the Convention, authenticated by the competent Portuguese diplomatic representation.</p> <p>For this purpose, family members are defined as follows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Spouse – marriage certificate or civil partnership certificate. • Minor or legally incapacitated unmarried children under the care of the couple or of one of the spouses – birth certificate. • Adopted minors – children adopted by the applicant or spouse under a decision of the competent authority of the country of origin, provided that the law of the country grants adopted children rights and duties equivalent to those of natural children, and the adoption is recognised in Portugal. • Adult children under care – unmarried adult children under the care of the couple or one of the spouses, who are enrolled in an educational institution in Portugal. • Adult children under care with residence permit – unmarried adult children under the care of the couple or one of the spouses who are studying, when the holder of the right to family reunification holds a residence permit granted under Article 90-A. • Ascendants in the direct line (first degree) of the main applicant or their spouse, provided they are under their care. • Minor siblings under the guardianship of the main applicant, in accordance with a decision issued by the competent authority of the country of origin, provided the decision is recognised in Portugal. • De facto partner – a partner maintaining a de facto union with the main applicant, either in Portugal or abroad, duly evidenced in accordance with Portuguese law. A letter of no trace, issued by the General Register Office, must be obtained by both members of the couple (the main applicant and the family member). <p>Note: For a de facto union, the applicant must also provide evidence of cohabitation for a minimum of two years, which may include documents such as council tax and utility bills, bank statements, rental agreements, or property ownership records.</p>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<p>Proof of availability of stable and regular means, enough to cover the needs of the residency visa applicant and the accompanying relatives during the required period of stay or for the period of 12 months, whatever is lesser, under the provisions laid out on the nº 2 of article 2 of Ordinance nº 1563/2007, of 11 December.</p>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
ADDITIONAL DOCUMENTS FOR MINORS		
<p>Travel of unaccompanied minors</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Unabridged birth certificate showing the names of the biological parents, duly legalised. If the certificate is not in English or Portuguese, a certified translation is required. • Original passports of both parents, along with a photocopy of the biodata page. If the parents are not present and it is not possible to provide the originals, certified copies of the passports may be submitted instead. 	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Letter of consent from both parents. <p>In cases of sole custody, one of the following must be provided:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Birth certificate showing only the custodial parent (in English or Portuguese), duly legalised. or • Death certificate of the deceased parent (in English or Portuguese), duly legalised. or • Court order granting sole custody (in English or Portuguese). <p>When minors are not travelling with both parents or are travelling with a third party, a travel authorisation from the non-accompanying parent or from both parents, with a notarised signature, or a court order (where applicable), must be provided.</p>		
---	--	--

RESIDENCE VISA FOR ACCOMPANYING FAMILY MEMBER APPLYING FOR A RESIDENCE VISA – CPLP MOBILITY AGREEMENT

<p>CPLP citizens (from Brazil, Angola, Mozambique, Cape Verde, Guinea-Bissau, São Tomé and Príncipe, East Timor and Equatorial Guinea), are exempted from presenting:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • travel insurance. • specific documents. <p>CPLP citizens are also exempt from presenting evidence of means of subsistence upon presentation of a term of responsibility recognised by a Notary, Lawyer or Solicitor in the following terms:</p> <p>a) Presentation of a term with a recognized signature issued by the host entity for interns or workers, as well as by the organization responsible for student exchange or volunteer programs; or,</p> <p>b) Presentation of a term of responsibility, with a recognized signature, signed by a Portuguese citizen or a foreign citizen, with a residence permit in Portugal, which guarantees food and accommodation for the visa applicant, as well as the replacement of removal costs, in case of irregular stay.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Income Tax Return (IRS) of the subscriber (last year available); and Bank statements of the subscriber (last 3 months). 	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
--	--------------------------	--------------------------

<p>Residence Visa – Key Information</p> <p>Purpose and Validity</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Intended for applicants wishing to stay in Portugal for over 1 year. • Initial validity: 120 days, allowing up to two entries into Portugal. • After arrival, the applicant must attend an AIMA appointment in Portugal to obtain a residence permit. • The Consulate-General does not schedule or reschedule AIMA appointments; applicants must contact AIMA directly. • More information: AIMA - Residence Permits. <p>Processing Time</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Standard processing time: 60 days. • Extended processing may be requested where justified. • More information: MNE - National Visas Deadlines. <p>Public Documents and Legalisation</p> <p>All public documents must be legalised according to applicable conventions (e.g., Hague Apostille) or through the relevant Portuguese diplomatic representation in the issuing country. This includes, but not limited to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Civil Registry documents (birth, marriage certificates, and others). • Criminal record certificates. • Professional certificates and diplomas. <p>UK public documents must be legalised via the UK Legalisation Office. Certified translations are required for documents not issued in English or Portuguese.</p> <p>Financial Resources</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Must comply with the requirements set out in Ordinance nº 1563/2007 of 6 December. <p>General Rules</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Incomplete applications may result in refusal; fees are non-refundable. • The Consulate reserves the right to request additional documentation. • Submission of all documents does not guarantee approval. • Applicants should consult: National Legislation.
